

proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XII, insert the following:

Subtitle H—War Powers Resolution Reform

SEC. 1291. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “War Powers Reform Resolution”.

SEC. 1292. JOINT RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS AUTHORIZING, NARROWING, OR REPEALING USE OF MILITARY FORCE.

The War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 5 the following new section:

“JOINT RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS AUTHORIZING, NARROWING, OR REPEALING USE OF MILITARY FORCE

“SEC. 5A. (a) A joint resolution or bill introduced after the date of the enactment of this section pursuant to section 5(b) for a purpose specified in that section shall be eligible for expedited consideration in accordance with section 6(a) if the joint resolution or bill sets forth only the following:

“(1) The specific strategic objective of the military force authorized for use by the joint resolution or bill.

“(2) A specification that the military force authorized for use by the joint resolution or bill is necessary, appropriate, and proportional to the purpose of the joint resolution or bill.

“(3) A specific naming of the nations, organizations, or forces engaged in active hostilities against the United States, its territories or possessions, or United States Armed Forces against which use of military force is authorized by the joint resolution or bill, which may not vest in or delegate to any official in the Executive Branch authority to specify any other nation, organization, or force against which use of military force is authorized by the joint resolution or bill.

“(4) A specification of the country or countries, or subdivision of a country or subdivisions of countries, in which military force is authorized for use by the joint resolution or bill, which may not vest in or delegate to any official in the Executive Branch authority to specify any other country or subdivision of a country in which use of military force is authorized by the joint resolution or bill.

“(5) A specification to a date certain of the duration of the authorization for use of military force in the joint resolution or bill, which may not exceed two years from the date of the enactment of the joint resolution or bill.

“(b) A joint resolution or bill introduced after the date of the enactment of this section to narrow a Joint Resolution or Act authorizing use of military force that is in effect on the date of the introduction of the joint resolution or bill shall be eligible for expedited consideration in accordance with section 6(a) if the joint resolution or bill sets forth only a narrowing or other limitation of the Joint Resolution or Act as follows:

“(1) To narrow the specific strategic objective of the military force authorized by the Joint Resolution or Act.

“(2) To strike one or more named nations, organizations, or forces against which use of military force is authorized by the Joint Resolution or Act, and to specify a date certain for the effective date of such strike.

“(3) To strike one or more countries or subdivisions of a country in which military force is authorized for use by the Joint Resolution or Act, and to specify a date certain for the effective date of such strike.

“(4) To reduce the duration of the authorization for use of military force in the Joint Resolution or Act to an earlier date certain specified in the joint resolution or bill.

“(c) A joint resolution or bill introduced after the date of the enactment of this section only to repeal one or more Joint Resolutions or Acts authorizing use of military force that is or are in effect on the date of the introduction of the joint resolution or bill shall be eligible for expedited consideration in accordance with section 6(a).

“(d) A joint resolution or bill introduced as described in subsection (a) or (b) may also repeal any Joint Resolution or Act authorizing use of military force that is in effect on the date of the introduction of the joint resolution or bill without losing eligibility for expedited consideration in accordance with section 6(a) as otherwise provided in such subsection.”.

SEC. 1293. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR JOINT RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS AUTHORIZING, LIMITING, OR REPEALING USE OF MILITARY FORCE.

Section 6(a) of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1545(a)) is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” after “(a)”;

(2) in paragraph (1), as designated by paragraph (1) of this section—

(A) by striking “introduced pursuant to section 5(b) at least thirty calendar days before the expiration of the sixty-day period specified in such section” and inserting “introduced pursuant to section 5(b) for purposes of section 5A(a) at least thirty calendar days before the expiration of the sixty-day period specified in section 5(b)”;

(B) by striking “sixty-day period specified in such section” and inserting “sixty-day period specified in section 5(b)”;

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2)(A) Any joint resolution or bill introduced pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of section 5A shall be referred to the committee provided for in paragraph (1), and such committee shall report one such joint resolution or bill, together with its recommendations, not later than twenty-four calendar days before the expiration of the thirty-day period beginning on the date of the introduction of such joint resolution or bill, unless such House shall otherwise determine by the yeas and nays.

“(B) In the case of any joint resolution or bill described in subparagraph (A), any reference in this section to the sixty-day period specified in section 5(b) shall be deemed to refer instead to the thirty-day period beginning on the date of the introduction of such joint resolution or bill.”.

SEC. 1294. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS IN CONTRAVENTION OF THE WAR POWERS RESOLUTION OR OTHER APPLICABLE RESOLUTIONS AUTHORIZING USE OF MILITARY FORCE.

The War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating sections 9 and 10 as sections 10 and 11, respectively; and

(2) by inserting after section 8 the following new section 9:

“LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS

“SEC. 9. Appropriated funds may not be obligated or expended for the introduction or use of United States Armed Forces into or in hostilities or situations where imminent involvement in hostilities is clearly indicated by the circumstances in contravention of the provisions of this joint resolution, or another Joint Resolution or Act authorizing such introduction or use (if applicable).”.

SEC. 1295. JUSTIFICATION IN REQUESTS FOR AUTHORIZATIONS FOR USE OF MILITARY FORCE AND IN REPORTS ON USE OF MILITARY FORCE.

Section 4 of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1543) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d)(1) If in submitting a report under subsection (a) or in connection with an introduction of the United States Armed Forces as described in that subsection the President also submits to Congress a request for an authorization for use of the United States Armed Forces in the hostilities or situation concerned, the President shall include with such request a comprehensive justification for such request, including a justification for—

“(A) the nations, organizations, and forces covered by such request;

“(B) the countries and subdivisions of countries covered by such request; and

“(C) the duration of the request.

“(2) Each report under subsection (c) on the status of hostilities or a situation shall include a current comprehensive justification for use of the United States Armed Forces in the hostilities or situation, including a justification for—

“(A) the continuing use of the United States Armed Forces against the particular nations, organizations, and forces concerned;

“(B) the continuing use of the United States Armed Forces in the particular countries and subdivisions of countries concerned; and

“(C) the currently anticipated duration of the use of the United States Armed Forces in the hostilities or situation.

“(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), any justification submitted pursuant to this subsection shall be in unclassified form to the greatest extent practicable, including in the specification of the countries or subdivisions of countries concerned and in the duration or anticipated duration concerned, but may include a classified annex (and then only to the extent required to protect the national security interests of the United States).

“(B) A request described in paragraph (1) shall list or specify the names of the nations, organizations, and forces covered by such request in unclassified form.”.

SEC. 1296. REPEAL OF AUTHORIZATIONS FOR USE OF MILITARY FORCE.

(a) AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF MILITARY FORCE.—Effective on the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Authorization for Use of Military Force (Public Law 107-40; 50 U.S.C. 1541 note) is repealed.

(b) AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF MILITARY FORCE AGAINST IRAQ RESOLUTION OF 2002.—Effective on the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution of 2002 (Public Law 107-243; 50 U.S.C. 1541 note) is repealed.

SA 3973. Mrs. GILLIBRAND submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of part II of subtitle B of title V, add the following:

SEC. 520B. NON-DISCRIMINATION AND SERVICE IN THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 37 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 653 the following new section:

“§ 654. Non-discrimination and service in the armed forces

“Service in the armed forces shall be open to all persons who are able meet the standards and eligibility criteria for military service, without regard to race, color, national origin, religion, or sex (including gender identity and sexual orientation).”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 653 the following new item:

“654. Non-discrimination and service in the armed forces.”.

SA 3974. Mrs. GILLIBRAND submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title VII, add the following:

SEC. 704. MODIFICATIONS TO TRICARE OPERATIONS MANUAL WITH RESPECT TO COVERAGE OF AUTISM THERAPY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall modify the operations manual under the TRICARE program, or successor manual of the Department of Defense, with respect to coverage of autism therapy as follows:

(1) To allow a covered beneficiary one year to obtain a confirmatory diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder.

(2) To require that the person completing the Pervasive Developmental Disorder Behavior Inventory Teacher Form meet the criteria in the Pervasive Developmental Disorder Behavior Inventory Manual regarding frequency and duration of contact with the client.

(3) To require that the services provided for autism spectrum disorder focus primarily on measuring outcomes for the covered beneficiary as the primary recipient of services.

(4) To eliminate the prohibition on billing for services provided outside of the home, clinic, office, school, or via telehealth.

(5) To require that medically necessary services authorized in a school setting be delivered by a trained behavioral provider as determined by the applied behavior analysis supervisor.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms “covered beneficiary” and “TRICARE program” have the meanings given those terms in section 1072 of title 10, United States Code.

SA 3975. Mrs. GILLIBRAND (for herself and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the De-

partment of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title VII, add the following:

SEC. 744. INDEPENDENT ANALYSIS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE COMPREHENSIVE AUTISM CARE DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

(a) AGREEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (in this section referred to as the “National Academies”) for the National Academies to carry out the activities described in subsections (b) and (c).

(2) TIMING.—The Secretary shall seek to enter into the agreement described in paragraph (1) not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) ANALYSIS BY THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES.—

(1) ANALYSIS.—Under an agreement between the Secretary and the National Academies entered into under subsection (a), the National Academies shall conduct an analysis of the effectiveness of the Department of Defense Comprehensive Autism Care Demonstration program (in this section referred to as the “demonstration program”) and develop recommendations for the Secretary based on such analysis.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The analysis conducted and recommendations developed under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A review of the use by the Department of Defense of the Pervasive Developmental Disorder Behavior Inventory as an outcome measure, in relation to the goals of intervention, and a determination as to whether the Secretary is applying such inventory appropriately under the demonstration program.

(B) A review of the raw baseline and follow-up data from providers, including an assessment of how the data were scored and an analysis of the data utilized by the Department in any reports submitted by the Secretary to Congress with respect to the demonstration program.

(C) An assessment of the methods used under the demonstration program to measure the effectiveness of applied behavior analysis in the treatment of autism spectrum disorder.

(D) A review of any guidelines or industry standards of care adhered to in the provision of applied behavior analysis services under the demonstration program, including a review of the expected health outcomes for an individual who has received such services.

(E) A review of the expected health outcomes for an individual who has received applied behavior analysis treatments over time.

(F) An analysis of the increased utilization of the demonstration program by beneficiaries under the TRICARE program, to improve understanding of such utilization.

(G) Such other analyses to measure the effectiveness of the demonstration program as may be determined appropriate by the National Academies.

(H) An analysis on whether the prevalence of autism is higher among the children of military families.

(I) The development of a list of findings and recommendations related to the measurement, effectiveness, and increased understanding of the demonstration program and its effect on beneficiaries under the TRICARE program.

(c) REPORT.—Under an agreement between the Secretary and the National Academies entered into under subsection (a), the National Academies, not later than 270 days

after the date of the execution of the agreement, shall—

(1) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the National Academies with respect to the analysis conducted and recommendations developed under subsection (b); and

(2) make such report available on a public website in unclassified form.

(d) TRICARE PROGRAM DEFINED.—In this section, the term “TRICARE program” has the meaning given that term in section 1072(7) of title 10, United States Code.

SA 3976. Ms. DUCKWORTH (for herself, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title VIII, add the following:

SEC. 838. ENHANCED DOMESTIC CONTENT REQUIREMENT FOR MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.

(a) ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report assessing the domestic source content of any procurement carried out in connection with a major defense acquisition program.

(2) INFORMATION REPOSITORY.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish an information repository for the collection and analysis of information related to domestic source content that can be used for continuous data analysis and program management activities.

(b) ENHANCED DOMESTIC CONTENT REQUIREMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), for purposes of chapter 83 of title 41, United States Code, manufactured articles, materials, or supplies procured in connection with a major defense acquisition program are manufactured substantially all from articles, materials, or supplies mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States if the cost of such component articles, materials, or supplies—

(A) supplied not later than the date of the enactment of this Act, exceeds 60 percent of cost of the manufactured articles, materials, or supplies procured;

(B) supplied during the period beginning January 1, 2024, and ending December 31, 2028, exceeds 65 percent of the cost of the manufactured articles, materials, or supplies; and

(C) supplied on or after January 1, 2029, exceeds 75 percent of the cost of the manufactured articles, materials, or supplies.

(2) EXCLUSION FOR CERTAIN MANUFACTURED ARTICLES.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to manufactured articles that consist wholly or predominantly of iron, steel, or a combination of iron and steel.

(3) RULEMAKING.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue rules to determine the treatment of the lowest price offered for a foreign end product for which 55 percent or more of the component articles, materials, or supplies of such foreign end